

<b>Teacher</b> : Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3 A.M.	
<u>File</u> : 01	Sequence: 01		<u>Lesson</u> : 01
<b>Function</b> : Greetings & Introducing people		<b>Leg. Form: Present Simple (to be)</b>	
N. Lexis: How do you do?, Great to see you		V. Aids: Picture	s, C.B and gestures.
Objective: Greeting and introduce	cing people.		

Procedure	Pupils' task
Stage one: Warm-up  T. greets the pps ( Good morning, afternoon, hello, how are you, etc )	Pps answer
Stage two: <u>Listen &amp; Speak</u>	
<ul><li>Step 1: T. asks the pupils to greet themselves.</li><li>Step 2: T. shows a picture (handshake) and asks:</li><li>What are they doing?</li></ul>	Pps do and repeat Pps try and guess
<ul> <li>Step 3: T. acts the role play.</li> <li>John: Hello, How are you Jack?</li> <li>Jack: Fine, thanks. And you?</li> <li>John: Very well. Thank you. Jack! This is Peter. Our new friend.</li> <li>Jack: Nice to meet you, Peter.</li> <li>Peter: Glad to meet you, Jack.</li> </ul>	Pps listen and repeat
Stage Three: <u>Practise</u>	
<ul> <li>Step 1: T. gives other expressions and asks the pps to use them correctly:</li> <li>O.K - Great - Bad - Not great.</li> <li>Can I introduce?/ I'd like to introduce,May I introduce?</li> <li>Great to see you / Nice to see you.</li> <li>How do you do? / Pleased to meet you.</li> <li>Step 2: T. guides and controls.</li> </ul>	Pps practise in pairs several times.
Stage four: <u>Produce</u>	
Step 1: T. writes a dialogue and asks the pps to complete it.         A: Good morning B. How?         B: Very And you?         A:         B: I'd like to our new friend C.         A: Nice you, C.	Pps try to do the activity.
C: you, B. Step 2: Correction then reading aloud.	Pps read.

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3 A.M.		
<u>File</u> : 01	Sequence: 01		Lesson: 02	
<b>Function:</b> Describing physical appearance.		Leg. Form: What's someone like ?		
N. Lexis: Adjectives (shy, clever, intelligent etc)		V. Aids: Pictures, C.B and gestures.		
Objective: Describing physical appearance.				

Procedure	Pupils' task
Stage one: Warm-up	
Revision about Sally's family.	Pps answer the
• Who's Bill ? How is he ?	questions.
• Who's Liz? Is she clever?	
• Who's Tina? Is she tall?	
Stage two: <u>Listen &amp; Speak</u>	
Step 1: T. writes a dialogue on C.B:	Pps listen
Sally: Hello, Jack. You look happy today.	Pa saassa
$\overline{Olga}$ : Yes, indeed. I've a new friend.	
<b>Sally</b> : Really? What's her name?	
<u>Olga</u> : Jill . Jill Smith.	
Sally: What's she like?	
<u>Olga</u> : She is very intelligent.	
Step 2: T. asks the pps to read in pairs.	Pps do & repeat
Stage Three: <u>Practise</u>	
Step 1: T. gives cues and asks the pps to use them correctly.	Pps play the roles
• Shy – serious – polite – cheerful – crazy.	
Stage four: <u>Produce</u>	
	Pps do
Step 1: T. writes a dialogue and asks the pps to complete it.	- P5 440
A: Hello, You look happy.	
B: Yes, indeed. I've a new friend.	
A: Really? What's name?	
B:	
A: What's like?	
B:very	
Step 2: Correction then reading aloud.	Pps do.

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3 A.M.	
<u>File</u> : 01	Sequence: 01	Lesson: 03	
<b>Function:</b> Describing physical appearance.		<b>Leg. Form:</b> To be, to have in the present simple.	
N. Lexis: and, but, because, etc		V. Aids: Pictures, C.B and gestures.	
Objective: Describing physical appearance.			

Procedure	Pupils' task
Stage one: Warm-up	
<ul> <li>T. asks the pps different questions :</li> <li>What's your name ? How old are you ?</li> <li>Have you got a new friend ? What's he / she like ?</li> </ul>	Pps answer the questions.
Stage two: <u>Listen &amp; Speak</u>	
<ul> <li>Step 1: T. writes a dialogue on C.B.</li> <li>Lydia: Hello, Susan. You look happy today. What's up?</li> <li>Susan: I have a new teacher of English.</li> <li>Lydia: What's his name?</li> <li>Susan: Mr Green.</li> <li>Lydia: Is he severe?</li> <li>Susan: No, he isn't. He is easy going and very helpful.</li> <li>Lydia: Do you have class, now?</li> <li>Susan: No. Because our teacher of Maths is absent today.</li> <li>Lydia: You're lucky. Goodbye Susan.</li> </ul>	Pps follow and listen.
Step 2: T. asks the pps to read the dialogue in pairs.	Pps do several times.
Stage Three: <u>Practise</u>	
<ul> <li>Step 1: T. gives different cues then asks the pps to act the dialogue.         The cues :         <ul> <li>M<sup>rs</sup> White / polite / cheerful.</li> <li>M<sup>r</sup> Brown / strict / serious.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Pps practise in pairs.
Stage four: <u>Produce</u>	
Step 1: T. writes a dialogue and asks the pps to complete it.  A: Hello.  B: Hi, How are you?  A: I've got a headache.	Pps try and do.
B: Sure. You look  A: Are you going to see the doctor?  B:	Pps do.
B: Step 2: Correction then reading aloud.	2 ps do.

<b>Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane</b>		Level: 3 A.M.	
<u>File</u> : 01	Sequence: 01		Lesson: 04
Function:		Leg. Form: and / but	
N. Lexis: fortune, teller		V. Aids: Pictures, C.B and gestures.	
Objective: Correct use of : and – but .			

Procedure	Pupils' task
Stage one: Warm-up  T. introduces "a fortune – teller" in a situation ( picture ).  Fortune – teller: You are kind and intelligent but you are sometimes anxious ( worried ). You like travelling and you are interested in sports.	Pps listen
Stage two: Reading	
Step 1: T. writes act 1 p 18 on C.B, then asks the pps to read text	Pps do
№ 1 p 19. "Daniel Radcliffe"  Step 2: Correction of the activity.	Pps do
Stage Three: <u>Post Reading</u>	
Step 1: T. writes an act on C.B, then asks the pps to fill in the gaps.  Fill in the gaps with: (and – but – like – dislike).  Tom is messy he works hard.	Pps do
2. Jane is intelligent kind. 3. Peter and John are helpful nervous.	Pps try and do.
4. I swimming but I playing volley-ball.  Step 2: Correction on C.B.  Stage four: Produce:	
Teacher asks the pps to give free examples using :  ( and – but – like – dislike ).	Pps do.

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3 A.M.	
<u>File</u> : 01	Sequence: 01		Lesson: 05
<b>Function</b> : Describing people .		Leg. Form: Present Simple	
N. Lexis:		V. Aids: Pictures, C.B and gestures.	
Objective: Describing someone.			

Procedure	Pupils' task
Stage one: Warm-up	
T. creates a short story about Djeha.	Pps listen
T. asks questions :	
• Who is he?	- Djeha
• What's he like ?	- A funny person
• What has he got ?	- A small spoken donkey.
Stage two: Reading	
Step 1: T. asks the pupils to open their books on p:20. T. reads text 1 and text 3	Pps listen
Step 2: T. asks the pupils to read the two texts silently and do act 4 p 20.	Pps do
Step 3: Correction of act 4 p 20.	Pps do
Stage Three: Post Reading (Write)	
Step 1: Choose one of these famous persons then describe	
<ul> <li>Charlie Chaplin – M<sup>r</sup> Beans – The cartoon "Fulla".</li> </ul>	
Step 2: T. asks the pupils to read their paragraphs.	Pps do.
Stage four: <u>Homework</u>	
Describe yourself in a short paragraph.	

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3 A.M.	
<u>File</u> : 01	Sequence: 02	Lesson: 01	
<b>Function:</b> Making and answering requests.		Leg. Form: Can? / Could?	
N. Lexis: can / could		<u>V. Aids</u> : Pictures, ( showing scenes )	
Objective: To enable the pupils to express requests using can and could.			

Procedure	Pupils' task
Stage one: Warm-up T. asks the pps the following questions.  • Who has a telephone at home?  • What's your telephone number?	Pps give several answers.
Stage two: Listen & Speak  Step 1: T. introduces the following dialogue through a suitable situation.  A: Excuse me, can you give me your phone number, please?  B: Yes, of course. It's 79425817.	Pps listen.
- The dialogue is played as follows : ( teacher → teacher ) ( teacher → pupil )	Pps practise in pairs.
(pupil → teacher) (pupil → pupil)  Step 2: T. presents the second dialogue.  A: Could you lend me your book, please?  B: Here you are.  A: Thank you.  (teacher → teacher) (teacher → pupil)  (pupil → teacher) (pupil → pupil)	Pps take part
Stage Three: Practise Step 1: T. gives different situations and asks the pps to express suitable requests using can – could.  1. You need a pen from your friend. 2. Ask someone to open the door. 3. Ask for stamps at the post-office. N.B: Could is more polite.	Pps practise in pairs.
Stage four: Produce  Step 1: T. writes a dialogue and asks the pps to complete it.  Pupil 1: I have not understood.  you it from me,?  Pupil 2: It's a bit hard. Let us ask our teacher.  Pupil 1: Teacher, you clarify this point?  Pupil 2: With pleasure.	Correct the copy it down.
Step 2: Correction then reading aloud.	Pps do.

<b>Teacher:</b> Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3 A.M.	
File: 01	Sequence: 02		Lesson: 02
Function: Making apologies.		Leg. Form:	
N. Lexis: appointment, afraid, lend.		V. Aids: invitation card / gestures.	
Objective: to enable the pps to express apologies and give the appropriate explanations.			

	ocedure	Pupils' task
Stage one: <u>Warm-up</u>		
<ul><li>T. presents different situation appropriate requests.</li><li>1. The board is unclean.</li><li>2. You are thirsty.</li><li>3. You want to read your fath</li></ul>	Pps build up requests using can / could and repeat.	
<u> </u>		Pps listen, then practise it in pairs.
Step 2: T. introduces the following the pupils to substitute the underlise. Sorry  I'm sorry.	Pps do.	
Stage Three: <u>Practise</u>		
Step 1: T. gives different situation with clarification.  1 Being late	ns and asks the pps to express apologies  not get up early	Pps build up apologies
2 No, book 3 Play with us	lend it to a friend be ill	with clarification.
Stage four: <u>Produce</u>		
Step 1: T. sets the following activ Imagine the appropriate expla 1 I didn 2. I'm sorry, I didn't phone 3. I'm afraid I can't come on T.	Pps imagine and write.	
4 I have Step 2: Correction then reading a	loud.	

**Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane** Level: 3 A.M. **File: 01 Sequence: 02 Lesson: 03 Read & Write Function:** Expressing sympathy. **Leg. Form:** V. Aids: Realia, C.B and gestures. N. Lexis: invitation, message, sympathy, notice. Objective: - Reading and making distinction between different kinds of messages.

		Procedure			Pupils' task
Stage one:	Warm-up				
<ul> <li>T. Shows the different kinds of messages ( real ones ).</li> <li>Invitation – notice – letter</li> </ul>					Pps look.
Stage two:	Presentation	<u>1</u>			
Step 1: T. sets tl <u>The Task</u> : Put	_		к.		
Messages	Invitation	Sympathy	thank-you note	Notice	
1					
2					
3					
4					
Step 2: T. reads	the opposite n				
<ul><li>2. Why did C</li><li>3. What hap</li></ul>	n of the task. g comprehen stions .	asion at 11:30? V send this lett 's friend? (T	Why?( Text 1) er?( Text 2) ext 3)		Pps follow.  Pps read and answer.

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Write it out: activity 02 page: 26

<b>Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane</b>		Level: 3 A.M.	
<u>File</u> : 01	Sequence: 03		Lesson: 01
<b>Function:</b> Describing likes and dislikes.		<b>Leg. Form:</b> Past continuous + to be in the past.	
N. Lexis: like, hate, prefer, etc		<u>V. Aids</u> : Pictures, C.B and gestures.	
Objective: Pupils should be able to interrupt past continuous events.			

Procedure	Pupils' task
Stage one: Warm-up  Revision of "to be" in the past and the past simple tense.	Pps listen and do.
Stage two: <u>Listen &amp; Speak</u> :	
Step 1: T. says: I <u>like</u> watching "Tom and Jerry".  Step 2: T. writes it on C.B and asks the pupils to repeat it.  Step 3: T. presents other structures. (I love – I prefer).	Pps listen. Pps listen and repeat. Pps listen and do.
Step 4: T. presents dislike by saying: Boys <u>like</u> playing football and <u>dislike</u> watching Egyptian films.  Step 5: T. asks the pupils to repeat.	Pps listen and repeat.
Step 6: T. presents other structures:	Pps do.
I <u>hate</u> staying at home. I <u>don't really like</u> doing my homework.  Step 7: T. asks: Do you <u>like</u> eating chocolate?  T. answers: Yes, I love it. Yes, I like it or	Pps listen.
No, I <u>don't like</u> at all. No, I <u>hate</u> it. No, I <u>dislike</u> it.	
Stage Three: <u>Practise</u>	
Step 1: T. gives a cues  Do you like listening to music? Playing football – eating sweets – going on trips.	Pps practise.
Stage four: <u>Produce</u> :	
Step 1: T. asks the pupils to do this activity.         ACT: Write the verbs correctly.         A: Where (be)	Pps listen and do.
B: Yes, it (be)  Step 2: T. asks the pupils to copy down the dialogue in their copybooks.	Pps do.

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3 A.M.	
<u>File</u> : 01	Sequence: 03		Lesson: 02
<b>Function:</b> Describing likes and dislikes.		<b>Leg. Form:</b> Present continuous / like and dislike.	
N. Lexis: fond of , keen on, would you like to		V. Aids: Pictures, C.B and gestures.	
Objective: To enable the pupils to express their like and dislike			

	Procedure	Pupils' task
Stage one: Warm-up	<u>)</u>	
T. asks ( yes / no questions	s) <b>.</b>	Pps answer
• Do you like cartoons.		Yes, I do
• Do you like watching	sports programmes.	No, I don't
Stage two: <u>Listen &amp;</u>	Speak:	
comedies.	ch <u>ing</u> cartoons ? atching cartoons, but I'm <u>keen on</u> watching	Pps listen and repeat in pairs.
Step 2: A: What would you lil B: I'd like watching w		
Stage Three: <u>Practis</u>	<u>ee</u>	
complete it orally.  No, I'm not.	to watch, then ? tching operas .	Pps complete orally and repeat in pairs.
Stage four: Produce	<b>:</b>	
<ol> <li>keen – Are _ on</li> <li>would – have - ?</li> </ol>	ty and asks the pupils to write it correctly.  – going – parties – birthdays – to – you - ?  – What – like – fond – you – to – lunch – for spaghetti – I'd – to – like – with ohn – of – fond	Pps write correct sentences.
Step 2: Correction then rea		Pps do.

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3 A.M.	
<u>File</u> : 01	Sequence: 03		Lesson: 03 Read & write
<b>Function:</b> Greetings & Introducing people		Leg. Form: Present continuous.	
N. Lexis: channel, programme, etc		<b>V.</b> Aids: newspaper, magazine, C.B and gestures	
Objective: Reading and talking about T.V programme.			

	Procedure	Pupils' task
A short revision T.V programme.	Warm-up n about the present continuous ( simple questions about Listen & Speak	Pps listen answer.
Step 1: The teach magazine contains the new words thrustep 2: The teach some questions.	her shows the pupils a page taken from a newspaper or a ing T.V programme and the teacher inserts or presents	Pps listen and repeat.  There's a film at 9:00 p.m.
channels and their e.g.  • What's • What's	Practise (Read book open $p:35$ )  acher write some questions on the C.B about different r programmes.  son channel 5 at 11:10?  son ITV <sub>1</sub> at 8: 15? channel is "a war film" on?	Pps read and answer.
•	Produce ( pair work ) s a model . ( Selma / Jenny ) page : 34 her chooses some notes to be written on the board.	Pps follow the model.  Pps write their work on the board.

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3A.M.	
File: 02	Sequence: 01		Lesson: 01
Function: Asking for permission.		Leg. Form: May I/ would you mind	
N. Lexis: flights, airport		V. Aids: Pictures	
Objective: To enable PP to ask for permission.			

Procedure	Pupil's task
Stage one: Warm-up	
T. creates a situation to express permission.	
T: I've forgotten my pen.	
Who has got an extra pen, please?	Of course, sir. I've two.
May I have one, please?	Ok, sir. Here you are
Stage two: Listen & Speak:	•
1) T. shows a picture of an airport, then he acts a dialogue:	
Officer: May I see your passport, sir?	
Passenger: Of course. Here it is	PPs' repetition
Officer: Would you mind showing me your ticket,	T. / P.
please?	P. / T.
Passenger: Wait a minute, sir. Here you are	P. / P.
Stage three: Practise	
T. gives cues:	
- borrow your pencil.	PP practise in pairs
- Use your dictionary.	Principal in Pulls
- Turn off your mobile.	
- u y ouroz	
Stage four: <u>Produce</u>	
T. asks his PP to do task 2/55	PP work in pairs
1. Maria III to do mar 2/00	TI WOLK III PALIS
Then, he asks them to correct on BB before being	
copied on their CB	Finally, they put it down on their
copied on their CD	CB.
	CD.

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3A.M.	
File: 02	Sequence: 01		Lesson: 02
<b>Function: Giving suggestions.</b>		Leg. Form: Shall we / What about	
N. Lexis: Shopping , suggest		V. Aids: Pictures	
Objective: To enable PP to give suggestions and express requests.			

Procedure	Pupil's task
Stage one: Warm-up	
Revision of the previous lesson	
( Asking for permission).	
Stage two: <u>Listen &amp; Speak</u> :	
1) T. adapts dialogue 4 / 54	PPs' repetition
A: What are you doing tomorrow morning?	T. / P.
B: Nothing special.	P. / T.
A: Why don't we go shopping?	P. / P.
B: That's a good idea.	
Stage three: <u>Practise</u>	
T. gives cues:	PP practise in pairs
- Shall we go for a picnic?	
* Sorry! What about next Tuesday?	
- Let's go to visit the museum.	
* Yes, why not	PP work in pairs
Stage four: <u>Produce</u>	Finally, they put it down on their
T. asks his PP to do task 1/55	CB.
Trushis his 11 to do tush 17 co	
Then, he asks them to correct on BB before being	
copied on their CB	

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3A.M.	
File: 02	Sequence: 01		Lesson: 03
Function: Asking for permission. / Making req.		Leg. Form: Present continues	
N. Lexis: The main ones		V. Aids: Pictures	
Objective: To enable PP to decode messages.			

Procedure	Pupil's task
Stage one: Warm-up	
T. creates a situation to introduce the G. I. of the text.	PP listen
DEAD & WDITE I) ( Dowt 1)	
READ & WRITE I) (Part 1) Text 1/56	
T. reads the text and explains the key words.(B. Open)	PP listen
T. asks some QQ to test their comprehension.	PP listen then answer
Stage two: Reading Aloud	Comp DD and and answer
T. asks some PP to read the text.	Some PP read and answer
Later, he asks them to answer q.1 / q.2 / 56	the questions
Stage three: <u>Practise</u>	
T. deals with task 1/56 (TEXT 2)	PP work in pairs
- Decoding messages	
1) O M A R 2) A L I	
Stage four: <u>Produce</u>	
T. gives his PP coding messages and asks them to decode.	Finally, they put it down on their
	CB.
(To discover the hidden words)	
Then, he asks them to correct on BB before being	
copied on their CB	

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3A.M.	
File: 02	Sequence: 01		Lesson: 04
Function: Inviting		Leg. Form: Present cont.	
N. Lexis: The main ones		V. Aids: Pictures	
Objective: To enable PP to write a letter.			

Procedure	Pupil's task
Stage one: Warm-up	
T. creates a situation: S.O. has replied a letter to his friend.	PP listen
READ & WRITE I ) ( Part 2)	
At first, T. reads / explains the letter (P.57) B.O.	PP listen
Text 3 / 56	
Reading Aloud	
T. asks some PP to read the letter content.	Some PP read and answer
1. dsks some 11 to read the letter content.	the questions
T acks same OO to test their comprehension	PP listen then answer
T. asks some QQ to test their comprehension.	PP listen then answer
Stage two:T. asks some QQ to make PP know how to build a letter.	
Date	DD sweets in mains
	PP work in pairs
Greetings	
Body	
Letter closing	
Signature.	
Stage three: <u>Produce</u> T. asks his PP to complete the letter. ( P. 56 )	
Then, the best one will be written on BB.	Finally, they put it down on their CB.

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3A.M.	
File: 02	Sequence: 01		Lesson: 05
Function: Offering help		Leg. Form: The imperative	
N. Lexis Traffic signs / lights		V. Aids: Pictures	
Objective: To enable PP to know the traffic signs/lights and to show the way to tourists.			

Procedure	Pupil's task
Stage one: Warm-up  T. starts his lesson by introducing some traffic signs / the traffic lights.	PP listen then repeat.
READ & WRITE II )  Stage two  T. introduces some expressions to show the way to tourists. Such as:  Go ahead / turn left /	PP listen then repeat PP practise in pairs
Stage three: Produce T. asks his PP to write very simple / short expressions – inviting a tourist to visit his / her region or hometown Starting with:  * Why don't you	
T. controls their work and interferes where necessary.	PP work in pairs
Then, he asks them to correct on BB before being copied on their CB	Finally, they put it down on their CB.

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3A.M.	
File: 02	Sequence: 02		Lesson: 01
Function: Asking for / giving directions.		Leg. Form: The Imperative	
N. Lexis: /		V. Aids: Pictures	
Objective: Asking / Giving directions.			

Stage one: Warm-up T. shows a picture What is it? - What's there on it? - They are touristsWho is with them? - He is a tourist guide. Stage two: Presentation T. sticks a map (p.61) It's the map of London. You are at St James Palace, you want to go Piccadilly Circus and you don't know the way you ask a policeman. T. presents a dialogue. A: Excuse me, sir. Can you show me the way to Piccadilly Circus, please? B: Go along the Mall Street, then turn left. It's in front of you. T. practises the dialogue with the PP. T. presents the different directions and positions through situations (next to / opposite / between / before / behind ) Eg: Go along/ straighton your right / left Practise: T. gives cues: Where is St James Park (Green Park) - Could you tell me the way to The National Gallery (You are in Piccadilly Circus) - How do I get to? (You are in P. Palace) Produce: Find the missing words:  A: Excuse Can youme the way to the Green Park, please? B: Go		
T. shows a picture What is it? - What's there on it? - They are tourists Who is with them? - He is a tourist guide.  Stage two: Presentation T. sticks a map (p.61) It's the map of London. You are at St James Palace, you want to go Piccadilly Circus and you don't know the way you ask a policeman. T. presents a dialogue. A: Excuse me, sir. Can you show me the way to Piccadilly Circus, please? B: Go along the Mall Street, then turn left. It's in front of you. T. practises the dialogue with the PP. T. presents the different directions and positions through situations (next to / opposite / between / before / behind) Eg: Go along/ straighton your right / left  Practise: T. gives cues: Where is St James Park (Green Park) - Could you tell me the way to The National Gallery (You are in Piccadilly Circus) - How do I get to? (You are in P. Palace)  Produce: Find the missing words:  A: Excuse Can youme the way to the Green Park, please?  B: Go	Procedure	Pupils' task
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Practise: T. gives cues:  Where is St James Park (Green Park)  Could you tell me the way to The National Gallery (You are in Piccadilly Circus)  How do I get to? (You are in P. Palace)  Produce: Find the missing words:  PP work in pairs  PF work in pairs  Finally, they put it down on their CB.		
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- How do I get to? (You are in P. Palace)  Produce: Find the missing words:  A: Excuse Can youme the way to the Green Park, please?  B:Goto P. Circus. Thenleft the G.P. is of  T. asks the PP to copy the task down after being corrected		
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of  T. asks the PP to copy the task down after being corrected	B:Goto P. Circus. Thenleft the G.P. is	Finally, they put it down on their
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Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3A.M.	
File: 02	Sequence: 02		Lesson: 02
Function: Asking about distances and time.		Leg. Form: How far/ How long	
N. Lexis: The main ones		V. Aids: Pictures	
Objective: To enable PP to ask for duration / distances.			

Procedure	Pupils' task
Stage one: Warm-up	
T. revises the previous lesson	
Stage two: Listen & Speek	
Stage two: <u>Listen &amp; Speak</u> :  1) T. sticks a card or draws	
1) 1. Sucks a card of draws	
Bus Station → Petrol station (300 yards/ 20 min.)	PPS' repetition
	•
Town Centre → National Gallery ½ mile / 05 min.)	
T. asks: 1) How far is the petrol station?	
It's 300 yards	
How long does it take to get there by bus?	PP practise in pairs
It takes 20 min.	
2) How far is the National Gallery? It's ½ mile	
How long does it take to get there on foot?	
It takes 5 min.	PP work in pairs
Stage three: <u>Practise</u>	11 work in pairs
T. gives cues:	
School / Hospital / 1 km /1/2 hour / on foot	PP ask / answer qq.
Post office / university / 3 km /25 min / by bus	11
Stage four: Produce:	
T. asks his PP to give examples.	
He selects 1 – 2 as models	PP do it orally.
T. asks them to do act. 2 / p. 61	
Then, he asks them to correct on BB before being	Finally, they put it down on their
copied on their CB	CB.
copied on their OD	

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3A.M.	
File: 02	Sequence: 02		Lesson: 03
Function: Asking for / giving directions		Leg. Form: S. Future	
N. Lexis: /		V. Aids: Pictures	
Objective: To enable PP to plan for future tasks.			

Procedure	Pupils' task
Stage one: Warm-up	
T. shows a picture of a bus:	
What is it?	A bus
T. asks about other means of transport.	A train / plane
Stage two: <u>Presentation</u>	
1) T. shows a letter:- What is it?	A letter
T: Jenny and Steve are going to visit London. They're	
Tourists.	
They will visit many places such as: historical places:	
(church)	PP repeat
Stage three: First reading (Books shut)	
T. sets general questions.	
1 -When will Sally welcome Jenny / Steve?	
2) What are they going to see?	
T. reads the text loudly, then he asks for the answers	
Second Reading (Books open)	
T. reads the text again loudly	
He asks many QQ about the text.	PP work in pairs
	_
T: Sally received a telegram from Steve	
Task 3 /4 p.65	
T. explains the first telegram (3)	
Steve's arriving at Heathrow Airport on Wednesday	
at 10 am	
T. asks PP to expand the telegram N° 4	
	Finally, they put it down on their
Then, he asks them to correct on BB before being	CB.
copied on their CB	

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3A.M.	
File: 02	Sequence: 02		Lesson: 04
Function: Expanding notes.		Leg. Form: goin	ng to
N. Lexis: the main ones		V. Aids: Pictures	
Objective: To enable PP to talk about tourism through short texts.			

Procedure	Dunile? took
	Pupils' task
Stage one: Warm-up	
T. shows a picture. What's it?	It's a bus
What can you see on the bus?	PP give answers
Stage two: Presentation They are pagengers	DD nyo ation in naing
They are passengers.	PP practise in pairs
They are going to visit many places	
They are going to visit many places. They are visitors.	
•	
Stage three: First reading (Books shut)	
T sets general questions.	
T. reads the text loudly, then he asks for the answers	
Second Reading (Books open)	
T. reads the text again loudly	
He asks many QQ about the text.	
He asks many QQ about the text.	PP work in pairs
T shows / draws a nicture of a space ship and a man poor it	FF work in pairs
T. shows / draws a picture of a space ship and a man near it. It's a space ship	
He is an astronaut.	
T. draws a moon / It's a moon.	
T: Armstrong landed on the moon in 1969.	
T. writes an exercise on the board.	
Find the missing words:	
* One day, some PPto space by aThey	
Late on the	
Late on the	
T. asks the pp to give the right answers.	
Then, he asks them to correct on BB before being	Finally, they put it down on their
copied on their CB	CB.

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3A.M.	
File: 02	Sequence: 03		Lesson: 01
Function:		Leg. Form: Mo	del Can
N. Lexis:		V. Aids: Pictures	
Objective: The pupils set a visit.			

Procedure	Pupils' tasks
Stage one : Warming up T. asks PP to name some places of interest in London.	PP.: Big Ben Tower Bridge,
Stage two: Listen and speak  1) T. reads listening scripts on P. 171( At a tourist agency ) and asks PP to tell him /her some places of interest in Wales.  2) T. reads again a conversation and asks PP to do act. 2 page 67.	Listen and say: The Maritime Quarter. Leisure Centre. The Art Gallery. PP. tick the places on their books (with a pencil).
Stage three: Practise T. asks PP to play out the dialogue(3 p 69).	PP. practise in pairs using the cues given in the act
Stage four: Imagine  T. asks PP to complete these sentences: What can you do in these places? 1 – At Leisure Centre	P. look at the text on P.171 and do the activity.  1 – At the Leisure Centre, I can have a good time.

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3A.M.	
File: 02	Sequence: 03		Lesson: 02
<b>Function:</b>		Leg. Form: Pre	sent continuous.
N. Lexis:		V. Aids: Pictures	
Objective: Expressing long actions in the present.			

Procedure	Pupils' tasks
Stage one: Warming up T. asks questions like this: What do people do in these places?. At the beach. At the cinema. In a public garden. In the supermarket.	PP. answer. They swim / fish/ Basket /
Stage two: Listen and speak T. shows pictures and asks PP. to tell him/her what They are doing. Pict. 1: run Pict. 2: fish T. does the same work with the other pictures.	-A man is running They are fishing.
Stage three: Practise T. gives an example( picture): A: Look at this boy. He is playing. B: No, he is not. He is escaping from a dog. T. shows other pictures and asks PP to practise in pairs (T. helps them by giving cues.)	PP. practise in pairs using the cues given in the act
Stage four: Imagine Many tourists are in Maritime Quarter. Now, what are they doing?  1 – At Leisure Centre /have a good time 2- At Dino Disco / listen to music. 3- At the art Gallery / look at the paintings. 4- At Gift shops / buy Welsh souvenirs.	PP. do it.  1 – At Leisure Centre ,they are having a good time.

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3A.M.	
File: 02	Sequence: 03		Lesson: 03
<b>Function:</b>		Leg. Form: The	e future tense.
N. Lexis: a fortune teller/a weatherman/		V. Aids: Pictures	
Objective: Planning future events.			

Procedure	Pupils' tasks
Stage one: Warming up T. draws a map of Algeria on BB and designs the weather states of that day, then he asks: What's the weather like in Algeria, today?	PP.: answer -It's cloudy in the North.
Stage two: Read and write(1)  1) T. asks PP to open the books on P. 72 and asks them to tell him/her about the pictures(A,B,C,D,E) (T. presents the new lexis: a fortune teller/astrologer/a weatherman.) 2) T. asks PP to read the 5 texts and to link them with the pictures.	A: Great Britain B: A cloud PP. repeat.  A → 2 B → 5
Stage three : Practise T. asks PP to do act.1 p 72( Brian Smith's resolutions ).	$ \begin{array}{ccc} C & \longrightarrow & 3 \\ D & \longrightarrow & 1 \\ E & \longrightarrow & 4 \end{array} $ PP. do it.

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3A.M.	
File: 02	Sequence: 03		Lesson: 04
<b>Function:</b>		Leg. Form: The	e future tense.
N. Lexis: a fortune teller/a weatherman/		V. Aids: Pictures,	
Objective: Planning future events.			

Procedure	Pupils' tasks
Stage one : Warming up Revision of what we learnt during the previous lesson.	PP answer.
Stage two: Read and write (1)	
T. asks PP to read the 5 texts and to underline all the verbs.	PP try to do it.
T. asks: In which tense are the verbs in text 1? Why?	In the future + it's about someone's future life. ( Predicting)
Stage three : Practise	
T. asks 2 pupils to come to the board.	P1: Will you tell me my
PP will predict his/her colleague's future.	future?
T. does the same with other pp.	P2: You'll be successful in your life. You'll be very rich
Stage four: Write	
T. asks PP to do act. 1 p 72. (Write out)	PP write.

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3A.M.	
File: 02	Sequence: 03		Lesson: 05
<b>Function:</b>		Leg. Form: The	e future tense.
N. Lexis: a fortune teller/a weatherman/		V. Aids: Pictures,	
Objective: Planning a visit to places of interest.			

Procedure	Pupils' tasks
Stage one: Warming up T.: Imagine that you are in London. What are the most interesting places you want to visit?  Stage two: Read and write (2)	I'll visit Big Ben /The Tower Bridge /
1)-T. asks PP to read the text p. 74 and to underline all the places of interest.	PP read the text and underline the places.
2)-T. asks PP to play the dialogue in pairs A: I want to buy souvenirs. B: Let's go to Oxford Street.  Cues: National Gallery/ admire the paintings. Tower of London / see the Crown Jewels. Saint James Park / watch ducks and birds. Hyde Park / listen to people at Speakers' corner	PP practise in pairs.
Stage three : Write T. asks PP to do act.2 p 74.	PP do it.

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahi	nane	Level: 3A.M.	
File: 03	Sequence: 01		Lesson: 01
Function: Leg. Form: I've beensince/for (Affirm		e beensince/for (Affirmative)	
N. Lexis: since / for, etc V. Aids: Pictures,		es,	
Objective: Describing actions that happened in the past and affect the present.			

Procedure	Pupils' tasks
Stage one : Warming up	
Revision about the present simple.	
Stage two: Listen and speak	
1) T. gives examples:	<b>T</b> . (
- You have been a pupil for 9 years.	Listen and repeat
- You have studied English for 3 years.	
<ul> <li>My brother has worked in SONATRACH for 1</li> </ul>	10 Listen and repeat
years.	
<ul> <li>2) T. repeats the same examples with 'since'.</li> <li>You have been a pupil since 1996.</li> <li>You have studied English since 2002.</li> <li>My brother has worked in SONATRACH since</li> </ul>	Listen and repeat 1995.
Stage three : Practise	PP make the sentences
T. shows pictures and gives cues.	
- They / practise / football / 2 years - She / live / here / 1990	give examples
- He / be / a taxi-driver / 7 years	give examples
- I / feel / ill / last week	
T. asks PP to give examples Stage four: Imagine	PP do the activity
Stage four: Imagine T. asks PP to do this act.: "put in since or for"	
1- We have had computers 1950.	
2-You've learnt French 5 years.	
3- He has repaired cars 1970.	
4- I've lived here 10 months.	

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3A.M.	
File: 03	Sequence: 01		Lesson: 02
Function:		Leg. Form: Have you? / How long ?	
N. Lexis: How long, etc		V. Aids: Pictures,	
Objective: To enable the pupils to ask and answer using present perfect.			

Procedure	Pupils' tasks
Stage one: Warming up T. asks to combine words giving right sentences I / come to school / last September - father / travel / long time - she / be a secretary / 7 years	PP make correct sentences
Stage two: Listen and speak T. introduces the following dialogue: Patient: I've a stomach ache. Doctor: Have you eaten bad food? Patient: No, I haven't. Doctor: Has your mother given you an infusion? Patient: Yes, she has. Doctor: How long have you had it? Patient: For 2 days.	Perform the dialogue  PP do the quiz.
Stage three: Practise T. asks to do quiz 3p.92(ask and answer). Example: How long have we had the car? We had the car for Years.  Stage four: Imagine T. asks PP to complete the bubbles in pictures( 2 and 3)	PP do it
on page 93	

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3A.M.	
File: 03	Sequence: 01		Lesson: 03
<b>Function:</b>		Leg. Form: I ha	ave, so
N. Lexis: so, etc		V. Aids: Pictures,	
Objective: Expressing actions in present perfect using "so"			

Procedure	Pupils' tasks
Stage one: Warming up Revising the last lesson: how long ?. T. asks to give examples with 'how long'.	PP give examples
Stage two: Listen and speak T. gives examples: I've been a pupil here since 2002. I've been a pupil here for 3 years. T. combines the 2 sentences using "so" I've been a pupil here since 2002;so I've been a pupil here for 3 years.	Listen and repeat
Stage three: Practise T. gives cues ,asking PP to combine.  - Write articles / 1995 ;so  - Play chess / 2001 ;so  - Wait for the bus / 9 :00 ;so  Stage four: Imagine T. asks PP to work in pairs giving compound sentences with "so" in present perfect.	Make correct sentences.  PP give examples in pairs

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane Level		Level: 3A.M.	
File: 03	Sequence: 01		Lesson:04 Read and Write 1
Function: Leg. Form: The pr		e present perfect.	
N. Lexis: V. Aids: Pictures,		es,	
Objective: To read about whales extinction/ Combining sentences using "so".			

Procedure	Pupils' tasks
Stage one: Warming up T. shows a picture of whales and gives brief information about these animals. Whales live in oceans .They are in danger of extinction.	Listen and take notes down
Stage two: Read and write (1)	
T. gives the overall idea of the text on p. 95, introducing the new items: whales/hunt/extinction/ban/	Listen and repeat
Stage three: Practise 1- T. asks some questions on Herman Moville Who is Herman Moville? - What did he write?	Answer the questions.
- What is it about ?	Read and do.
2- T. writes act. 4 p 94. Then ,he asks PP to read the text (P 95 ) and do the activity. T. asks for correction.	Give the correction
Stage four: Write T. asks PP to do practise 1 p 94. Join the sentences using "so"	Do the activity Write down the correction.

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3A.M.	
File: 03	Sequence: 01		Lesson: 05 Read and Write 2
Function:		Leg. Form: The present simple.	
N. Lexis: eco/food/protest/destruction/admiration.		V. Aids: Pictures, (trees/forests/nature/)	
Objective: Making the pupils read Eco-warriors and write a paragraph about nomads.			

Procedure	Pupils' tasks
Stage one: Warming up T. shows a picture of forests and trees related to the text.	Repeat some words
Stage two: Read and write (2)	
T. gives the overall idea of the text on p. 95 ,introducing the new items : whales / hunt / extinction / ban /	Listen and repeat The left the right
Stage three: Practise 1- T. introduces the new words of text 1 p 96(through a situation)	Repeat the new items.
2- T. sets an activity ( right or wrong )	Do the activity.
3- T. reads the text and corrects the activity.	Correct.
4- T. inserts the new words for 2 <sup>nd</sup> text in a situation.	Repeat the new items.
5- T. asks WH questions on the 2 <sup>nd</sup> text p 96Who are Eco- warriors? -What do they like? -How do they attract the attention?	Answer the questions.
T. reads the 2 <sup>nd</sup> text and then corrects with PP	Correct.
Stage four: Write T. asks PP to write a paragraph about travelling people in their countries.( people of the Sahara)	Write a paragraph.
in their countries.( people of the Sahara)	

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3A.M.	
File: 03	Sequence: 02		Lesson: 01
Function:		Leg. Form: The present perfect (all forms)	
N. Lexis: eco/food/protest/destruction/admiration		V. Aids: Pictures, drawings . real situations	
Objective: Enable the pupils to express past actions related to present time.			

Procedure	Pupils' tasks
Stage One :	
<u>Listen and act</u>	
Teacher reads the following dialogue :	
<u>Teacher</u> : What's the matter, Olga?	
Olga: I'm angry with Peter.	
<b><u>Teacher</u></b> : What has he done?	Listen carefully then act in
Olga: Look! He has torn my copy book.	pairs.
What shall I do, madam?	
<u>Teacher</u> : Well , use a piece of scotch.	
Stage Two:	
<u>Practice</u>	
A- Explains: Use the cues and make a short dialog.	
1- He ( break) my ruler./ Take his	
2- She (write) on my book./ Rub it out.	
3- He ( take) my Calculator./ Use mine	Substitute
Stage Three :	
Produce:	
Write correct sentences using the situations below:	
1-Meriem ( clean) the room.	
2-I ( not draw) a tree.	
3-We ( go) out ?	Write sentences.
4-Jack (visit) Algeria ?	

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3A.M.	
File: 03	Sequence: 02 Lesson: 02		Lesson: 02
Function:		Leg. Form: P. perfect with "already, yet, ever, never"	
N. Lexis: yet, already, ever, etc		V. Aids: Situations - pictures - Drawing	
Objective: Enable the pupils to use the learnt adverbs with present perfect tense.			

Procedur	re	Pupils' tasks	
Stage One:			
Re	<u>view</u>		
Describe the pictures on page 97.	Say what those people have done?	See the pictures and say!	
		E.g. he has arrived / they	
Stage Two:		have read	
<u>Listen</u>	and act		
- Sally has already taken an	oral exam .		
- John and Marry have alrea	ndy visited Algeria .	PP's act out (repetition).	
- has taken an oral exam yet	?	Answer: yes,	
- have they visited Algeria ye	et?	Answer: yes:	
Comb	<u>ination</u>		
- Sally has already taken an	oral exam but she has not seen	Do the same with the 2 <sup>nd</sup>	
her paper yet.		sentence (Oral)	
- John and Marry have alrea	ady visited Algeria but(write)		
an article			
Stage Three:			
<u>Pra</u>	ctice		
Giving cues to make sentences	(examples)		
Already	Yet	On their exercise CB. PP's	
- Go to France	- see the Eiffel tower	make written examples .	
- Buy a camera	- take photos		
- book a room	- pay it		
<b>M</b> ore	<u>practice</u>		
Answer the questions :		Try to answer . (oral drill)	
- Have you ever visited the U.S.A	?		
- Have they ever travelled on hors	e back?		

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3A.M.	
File: 03	Sequence: 02		Lesson: 03
<b>Function:</b>		Leg. Form: Pr	resent perfect ( all forms )
N. Lexis:		V. Aids: pictur	res
Objective: Enable the pupils to get information from a reading text.			

Procedure	Pupils' tasks
Stage One :	
<u>Pre-reading</u>	
Look at the pictures on page 102 and describe :	Look and describe.
They have just got married.	( use ''just'' )
Stage Two:	
<u>Presentation</u>	
Read the text on page 103 and introduce:	Books close (Listen)
" Billy Crawford"	
set questions on the board:	
1- Who is speaking?	Answer orally .
2- What's the text about ?	
Stage Three:	
Set the task	
Read the text then answer the questions:	Read carefully and try to
1- Where's the journalist speaking from ?	find the answer
2- How did Billy come ?	
3- What are the fans doing?	
4- What has the girl thrown at him?	
Stage Four :	
Read and do - write	
Fill in the blanks with the missing words:	
The plane has just A big Crowd of fans has already	Copy down on their exercise
They are Billy is to his	copybooks and start the
fans. A girl has just a bouquet at Billy.	work.
	Correction done on board.

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3A.M.	
File: 03	Sequence: 03		Lesson: 01
<b>Function:</b>		Leg. Form: Pa	ast Continuous
N. Lexis:		V. Aids: pictures	
Objective: To express the Past Continuous			

Procedure	Pupils' tasks
Stage One: Warming up	
<ul><li>T: Does a revision about the simple past.</li><li>What did you do last Friday?</li></ul>	PPS give their own Examples (in the simple past ) I went to the market. I prayed in the mosque.
Stage Two: <u>Listen and speak</u>	I visited some friends.
Step 1 / T. Asks PPS to take books one page 105 Step 2 / T: Read the poem with themissing words . Step 3 / T:Listen to me, now, reading the complete poem . Step 4 / After the reading I give a couple of minutes for PPS to finish their writing then they make a collective correction .	PP do so . P.P: Follow, Listen and fill in the gaps. P.P.S try to answer . P.P: Try to answer .
Step 5 / T.asks pps about the poem . 1 – what was the boy dowing ? 2 – what was he thinking about ? 3 – what were the people doing ?	P.P: Look and give correct sentences. Eg: The man was reading the newspaper.
Stage Three: <u>Practise</u>	
Step 1 / Sticks pictures week and ask about, what were the People doing.	P.P Take their C.Books and write using The past Continuous .
Stage 4 : Produce	
Step 1 / Imagine that you are in a party .tell the class what was Happening ? OR	
Narrate what were all you family members doing last evening	

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3A.M.	
File: 03	Sequence: 03		Lesson: 02
<b>Function:</b>		Leg. Form: Pa	ast Continuous
N. Lexis:		V. Aids: pictures	
Objective: To express the past continuous (suddenly - when)			

Procedure	Pupils' tasks
Stage One. Woming	
Stage One: Warming up	
Can you "remind me" What was happening in the party	PP: give the examples giving in
Or:	the previous lesson .
T. Shows pictures presented before	PP: look at the pictures and
Stage Two: <u>Listen and speak</u>	narrate.
Step 1:	
T. Shows picture practice 1 P107 or down on a big picture.	
T. Describes the scene	PP's listen.
T. What was the man doing?	He was walking or reading he
T. What happened to him .	fell down.
T. Makes PP's repeat the whole sentences the man was	PP's listen and repeat.
walking suddenly he fell down .	
Step 2:	
T. Writes the sentences on the B.B. underlines the verbs and	
explains the differences between the Z actions.	
T. Introduce "When" instead of suddenly.	
Stage Three : <u>Practice</u>	
Step 1:	
T. Gives cues using "suddenly" or "when"	
1- John was reading . The Billy rang .	
2- Patient was crying . The Doctor arrived .	PP's: put suddenly or when:
3- Angela was climbing up a ladder . She fell down .	- give true sentences .
Step 2: T. Moves to paragraph 3 p 107.	
Stage Four: Produce	PP . give true answers.
Imagine ( 1 p 108)	

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3A.M.	
File: 03	Sequence: 03		Lesson: 03
Function:		Leg. Form: Past Continuous	
N. Lexis: Avoid - ought to should		V. Aids: pictures	
Objective: To enable the pupils to express long actions in the past.			

Pupils' tasks
PP: The man was walking and
reading suddenly he fell down.
PP: Because he was reading
and walking.
No, look , listen
And
speak
PP1: Avoid driving quickly
PP2: He should drive carefully
He ought drive slowly.

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahn	nane	Level: 3A.M.	
File: 03	Sequence: 03		Lesson: 04 Read and Write
<b>Function:</b>		Leg. Form:	
N. Lexis:		V. Aids: pictures	
Objective: To enable the pupils to read newspapers articles and to write short ones.			

Procedure	Pupils' tasks
Stage One: <u>Warming up</u>	Look
T. Shows a newspaper	It's a newspaper articles / ad /
T. Asks what is it?	stories / pictures.
T. Shows headlines	
Stage Two: <u>Presentation</u>	
T. Asks her PP to open their book p 111.	Take their books.
T. Look at the headlines and guess what the newspapers	PP look
articles are about ?	PP guess
T. Asks her PP's to read the 4 articles.	To check the answers .
T. Asks PP's to do 3 - 4 - 5 - 6 p 110.	PP . Do the last written.
Stage Three : <u>Practice</u>	
T. Explains task 2 - 3 - 4.	Do it
Stage Four: <u>Produce</u>	
Write it out	PP: work in pairs.
Choose one of the headlines below and write an article.	Or in groups .
P.S if the work is not finished it will be left as a home work.	

<u>Teacher</u> : Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3 A.M.	
<u>File</u> : 4	Sequence: 01		Lesson: 01
<b>Function:</b> Locating & Describing		Leg. Form: Northern, Southern	
N. Lexis: Inhabitant , Square Kilometre		V. Aids: Map	
Objective: Locating & describing locating (locations, areas, population , climates)			

D 1	D W ( )
Procedure	Pupil's task
Stage one: Warm-up  T. sticks the map of Algeria and its bordering, countries.  T. gathers information about Algeria (E.g. location, areas, population, cities)	PPs give their information
Stage two:	
<ul> <li>T. reads the text p: 75 twice and asks PP's to name the countries bordering Algeria.</li> <li>T. sticks the chart on p: 132 on BB and reads again then asks the PPs to fill in the Chart with the right information.</li> </ul>	PPs listen and answer PPs do it
Stage three:	
T. asks the PPs to use the information Describe Algeria from the information on BB.	PPs describe it
Stage four:	
T. asks the PPs to write a short paragraph describing Algeria.	PPs write a paragraph about Algeria.

<b>Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane</b>		Level: 3 A.M.	
<u>File</u> : 4	Sequence: 01		Lesson: 02
<b>Function: Describing</b>		Leg. Form: larger / more important	
N. Lexis: dry, splendid, delicious		V. Aids: Map	
Objective: Comparative form (short & long)			

Procedure	Pupil's task
Stage one: <u>Warm-up:</u>	
T. sticks the previous map ( Algeria & its borders) T. asks PPs to describe the bordering counties.	PPs describe
Stage two: (short adjectives)	
T. asks the PPs which one is big ( Algeria or Libya) E.g.: Algeria is bigger than Libya.	
Mali / Niger (large).	PPs answer
T. uses the comparative form with the following: (small, hot, cold, large)	PPs do it
Stage three: (long adjectives)	
T. gives the population of some countries. E.g.: Algeria is more populated than Morocco.	
Hassi Messaoud is more important than El-oued.  T. uses the comparative form with the following:	
Stage four:	PPs do it
Dialogue 1 p: 133  A: Is Algeria (large) or (small)	
In population than London?  B: Well Algeria is (small) than London.  A: That's right.	PPs give the correct adjective.
	PPs follow and do. PPs correct the Activity.
	PPs copy down.
	115 copy down.

<b>Teacher:</b> Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3 A.M.	
File: 4 Sequence: 01			Lesson: 03
<b>Function: Describing</b>		<b>Leg. Form:</b> The largest/ the most important	
N. Lexis: monument, famous)		V. Aids: Map	
Objective: Superlative form (short & long)			

Stage one: Warm-up:  Revision about the previous lesson (comparative form)  Stage two: (short adjectives)  T. gives some adjectives:     E.g.: Algeria is the largest country in the Northern of Africa.     Hoggar is the highest mountain in Algeria.  Stage three: (long adjectives)  T. gives some adjectives:     E.g.: Maquam Eshahid is the most modern monument in Algeria.     Blida is the most beautiful city in Algeria.     Hassi Messaoud is the most important city in Algeria.  Stage four:  Activity: Complete the table:	ıswer
form)  Stage two: (short adjectives)  T. gives some adjectives:	nswer
T. gives some adjectives:     E.g.: Algeria is the largest country in the     Northern of Africa.     Hoggar is the highest mountain in     Algeria.  Stage three: (long adjectives)  T. gives some adjectives:     E.g.: Maquam Eshahid is the most modern     monument in Algeria.     Blida is the most beautiful city in Algeria.     Hassi Messaoud is the most important     city in Algeria.  Stage four:	
E.g.: Algeria is the largest country in the Northern of Africa. Hoggar is the highest mountain in Algeria.  Stage three: (long adjectives)  T. gives some adjectives: E.g.: Maquam Eshahid is the most modern monument in Algeria. Blida is the most beautiful city in Algeria. Hassi Messaoud is the most important city in Algeria.  Stage four:	
T. gives some adjectives: E.g.: Maquam Eshahid is the most modern monument in Algeria. Blida is the most beautiful city in Algeria. Hassi Messaoud is the most important city in Algeria.  Stage four:	eten
E.g.: Maquam Eshahid is the most modern monument in Algeria. Blida is the most beautiful city in Algeria. Hassi Messaoud is the most important city in Algeria.  Stage four:	
Hassi Messaoud is the most important city in Algeria.  PPs response to the most important city in Algeria.	peat
	peat
Activity: Complete the table:	
ı	
<u>Adjectives</u> <u>Comparatives</u> <u>Superlatives</u>	
beautiful the most beautiful	
hot hotter than	
8	
famous	omplete it.

<b>Teacher:</b> Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		<u>Level</u> : 3 A.M.	
<u>File</u> : 4	Sequence: 01		Lesson: 04
<b>Function</b> : Intonation		Leg. Form:	
N. Lexis: awful / for ages		V. Aids:	
Objective: Acting a dialogue with the right intonation			

Procedure	Pupil's task
Stage one: <u>Warm-up:</u>	
T. presents the dialogue p: 134 on BB.  Stage two:	PPs listen
T. reads the dialogue then acts with PPs.  The PPs plays the roles alone.  Substitution (activity 02 p: 134)	PPs play the role with the T.  PPs play the roles without T.
Stage three: (long adjectives)	
T. writes the dialogue 02 p: 135 and asks the PPs to complete it	PPs do it
Stage four:	
Writing phase: The dialogue on the BB.	PPs copy down.

 Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane
 Level: 3 A.M.

 File: 4
 Sequence: 01
 Lesson: 05

 Function: Giving Information
 Leg. Form: Adjs. / Comp. / Super. + cardinal points

 N. Lexis: divided, island, monarchy, republic, official
 V. Aids: maps

 Objective: Getting information from a text.
 V. Aids: maps

Procedure	Pupil's task
Stage one: Warm-up:	
T. sticks the 03 maps: the British Isles, USA and Canada. T. asks the PPs to name them. T. leaves the map of British Isles on the BB.	PPs give their information
T. reads the text (p: 137) and asks the PPs to name the countries of British Isles.	PPs do it
Stage two:	
T. writes activity 03 p: 136 on the BB and reads the txt again and asks the PPs to give him the answers of the questions on the BB.	PPs give the answer
Stage three:	
<ul> <li>T. adds information about (Australia / New Zeeland / Canada)</li> <li>T. sticks the table p: 136 on the BB and he helps the PPs to compare between the countries in the chart</li> </ul>	PPs do it
Stage four:	
Writing phase:	
Examples from the activity p: 136 (the previous activity)	PPs copy down.
Home Work: Activity write it out p: 136	

 Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane
 Level: 3 A.M.

 File: 4
 Sequence: 02
 Lesson: 01

 Function: Asking
 Leg. Form: where is...? North, South, beside, in,...

 N. Lexis: Chinatown, in upper
 V. Aids: Pictures

 Objective: To be able to locate places within a town.

Procedure	Dunilla took
Procedure	Pupil's task
Stage one: Warm-up:	
T. asks the PPs to locate some countries to the continents. T. asks the PPs to locate some towns. E.g.: Where is New York? (Oran, New Delhi,)	PPs do PPs answer
Stage two:	
T. shows a picture of the statue of liberty and the picture of the United Nations building. T. introduces the tow items. T. where is the Statue of Liberty? It is in New York. T. asks the PPs to repeat in Pairs. T. (U.N. building / Pyramids / the Amazon)  Stage three:	PPs follow  PPs do in pairs PPs practise in pairs
T. shows other famous places pictures and asks the PPs to practise in pairs locating them. (The Nile / Egypt), (Big Ben / London), T. asks the PPs to give similar examples.  Stage four:	PPs locate these places (in pairs) PPs do
T. asks the PPs to do activity 01 p: 141 but first he should explain the task. T. asks for correction.	PPs follow PPs do the activity PPs correct

 Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane
 Level: 3 A.M.

 File: 4
 Sequence: 02
 Lesson: 02

 Function: Comparing
 Leg. Form: as .... as / not as .... as

 N. Lexis: industrial / wealthy / elegant / poor / attractive
 V. Aids: Pictures

 Objective: To be able to use comparison of equality and inequality.

Procedure	Pupil's task
Stage one: Warm-up:  T. reviews the comparison of superiority with the PPs.  T. gives some examples to remind the PPs about the previous knowledge using short, long and irregular adjectives.	PPs answer
T. in El-Oued, temperature is 40°C and in Biskra, it is 40°C.  So. El-Oued is <u>as</u> hot <u>as</u> Biskra.  The Arabic films are <u>as</u> interesting <u>as</u> the American ones.  (Moscow -4°C / Quebec -4°C)  Moscow is <u>as</u> cold <u>as</u> Quebec.  T. asks the PPs to repeat the examples.	PPs listen and repeat
T. introduces the inequality India is <u>not as</u> populated <u>as</u> China. Algeria is <u>not as</u> large <u>as</u> Sudan. I am <u>not as</u> good <u>as</u> mum at cooking.  Stage three:	PPs listen and repeat
T. asks the PPs to open their books on p: 141 and deal with activity 01.	PPs do the activity with the help of the teacher
T. exploits adjectives on p: 140 to make dialogues similar to the one on the same page based on <u>not as</u> <u>as</u>	PPs do the activity

<u>Teacher</u> : Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Leve	Level: 3 A.M.		
<u>File</u> : 4	Sequence: 02			Lesson: 03 (Read & Write (I))	
Function: Le		Leg. Form: the superlative.			
N. Lexis: federal, republic, peculiarity,			V. Aids	:	
<b>Objective</b> : To know about the history of a city.					

Procedure	Pupil's task
Stage one: Pre-Reading:  T. asks the PPs to name some capitals through (questions & answers) T. asks: What is Washington? T. introduces the Text.  Stage two: Loud Reading:	PPs answer PPs answer PPs listen and follow
T. sets some general questions on the BB to be answered by the PPs.  T. asks the PPs to listen his first loud reading. T. asks the PPs to answer the questions.  Stage three: Second Reading:	PPs listen PPs do
<ul><li>T. asks the PPs to open their books and follow.</li><li>T. reads again loudly focusing on the correct pronunciation and stress.</li><li>T. explains the text.</li></ul>	PPs do PPs follow PPs listen and follow
T. sets a task activity 02 p: 144. T. explains the task and asks the PPs to do it. T. asks for correction. T. asks the PPs to copy down on their copybooks.	PPs do the activity. PPs correct PPs copy down.

 Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane
 Level: 3 A.M.

 File: 4
 Sequence: 03
 Lesson: 01

 Function: Describing monuments
 Leg. Form: in / at + place.../ in + tear ...

 N. Lexis: federal, republic, peculiarity, ...
 V. Aids:

 Objective: Be able to describe a monument.

_	
Procedure	Pupil's task
Stage one: Warm up:	
T. talks about some monuments in Algeria. E.g.: Maquam El-Shahid / The Pyramids in Egypt	PPs listen
Stage two: Listen & Speak:	
T. name the seven modern (monuments) and ask the PPs to find Where they are located.	PPs locate (name countries)
Stage three: <u>Practise:</u>	
T. reads the 1 <sup>st</sup> paragraph (text p:176)  T. & the PPs match the monuments to their locations.	PPs listen & answer
Stage four: <u>Produce:</u>	
T. asks the PPs to copy down the chart on p: 147 and complete. T. asks the PPs to give the correction on the BB	PPs read the 2 <sup>nd</sup> paragraph & read fill in the table. PPs correct on the BB. PPs copy down.

<b>Teacher:</b> Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		Level: 3 A.M.		
<u>File</u> : 4	Sequence: 03			<u>Lesson</u> : 02
<b>Function</b> :	Leg. Form: P		Preposit	ion of location
N. Lexis:			V. Aids	:
Objective: To get information about the country (Algeria) * adaptation.				

Objective: To get information about the country (Algeria) · adaptation.			
Procedure	Pupil's task		
Stage one: Warm up:  Correction of the home work (previous write)  Stage two: Listen & Speak:	PPs do it		
<ul> <li>T. writes questions on the BB.</li> <li>- Where is Algeria situated?</li> <li>- What are the borders of Algeria?</li> <li>T. reads the adapted text about "Algeria" loudly.</li> <li>T. asks the PPs to answer the questions.</li> </ul>	PPs answer. PPs listen.		
T. asks the PPs to read the text silently & fill in the table.  Area Animalsto	PPs do the activity.		
Stage four: Produce:  T. write a paragraph describing the Algerian Sahara as it is today.	PPs write a paragraph .		

<u>Teacher</u> : Khelil Moudjib Arrahn	nane	<u>Level</u> :	3 A.M.	
<u>File</u> : 4	Sequence: 03			<b><u>Lesson</u></b> : 03 Read and Write
<b>Function</b> :	Lo	eg. Form:		
N. Lexis:			V. Aids	: Pictures
<b>Objective</b> : To enable the pupils to know about The Pyramids of Giza				

	Pupil's task
Stage one: Warm up:	
T. asks the PPs to name some famous places in the world such as "Maquam Chahid in Algiers, "Eiffel" in Paris	PPs give or name famous places
Stage two: <u>Pre-reading</u> :	
<ul><li>T. reads the texts p: 153 and asks the PPs to answer the questions on the BB.</li><li>Where are the three Pyramids located?</li><li>How high is the great Pyramid?</li></ul>	PPs listen to the T. & answer
Stage three: Second Reading:	
<ul><li>T. writes down two questions on the BB.</li><li>T. asks the PPs to Open their books and listen then answer these question s</li><li>What are the Pyramids?</li><li>What are there inside the great Pyramids?</li></ul>	PPs listen & answer
Stage four: Silent reading:	
<ul><li>T. asks the PPs to read silently and do the activity 03 p: 152.</li><li>T. writes the correction on the BB.</li></ul>	PPs do the activity. PPs copy down.

Teacher: Khelil Moudjib Arrahmane		<u>Level</u> :	Level: 3 A.M.		
<u>File</u> : 4	Sequence: 03			Lesson: 04	
Function: Describing places Leg.		Leg. Form: How, What a?			
N. Lexis: desert, scientist, rock paintings, estimate		te	V. Aids	:	
Objective: Describing places.					

Procedure	Pupil's task
Stage one: Warm up:	
Review of the previous lesson: some information about Algerian Sahara.	PPs answers
Stage two:	
T. reads the text and explains some new lexis. T reads the text again.	PPs listen
Stage three: <u>Practise:</u>	
<ul> <li>T. sets Questions: <ul> <li>Where is the Sahara located?</li> <li>Was there water in it?</li> <li>Did Scientists find animals' bones?</li> </ul> </li> <li>Then asks them to read the text silently and answer the questions.</li> </ul>	PPs read silently
Stage four: <u>Produce:</u>	
T. asks the PPs to give their Answers T. asks the PPs to write a short Paragraph with the given answers	PPs give answers.